

Q.P. Code: 16HS618

R16

Reg.No:

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY::PUTUR
(AUTONOMOUS)
I MCA I Semester Regular & Supplementary Examinations JAN 2018
MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 60

(Answer all Five Units 5X12=60 Marks)

UNIT-I

- 1 a. Show that $(\neg P \wedge \neg Q \wedge R) \vee (Q \wedge R) \vee (P \wedge R) \Leftrightarrow R$ 6M
b. Show that $(P \rightarrow Q) \rightarrow Q \Rightarrow P \vee Q$ without constructing truth table 6M

OR

- 2 a. Define Quantifiers and types of Quantifiers with an example. 6M
b. Show that S is a valid conclusion from the premises $p \rightarrow q, p \rightarrow r, \neg(q \wedge r)$ and $(S \vee p)$ 6M

UNIT-II

- 3 a. Define an equivalence relation? If R be a relation in the set of integers Z defined by $R = \{(x, y): x \in Z, y \in Z, (x - y) \text{ is divisible by } 6\}$ then prove that R is an equivalence relation? 6M
b. Define Bijective function with 2 examples 6M

OR

- 4 a. On the set Q of all rational numbers operation * is defined by $a*b = a + b - ab$. Show that this operation on Q forms a commutative monoid 6M
b. Show that $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ is not a group under addition & multiplication modulo 6 6M

UNIT-III

- 5 a. How many numbers can be formed using the digits 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 and 9 if no repetitions are allowed? 6M
b. Out of 9 girls and 15 boys How many different committees can be formed each consisting of 6 boys and 4 girls? 6M

OR

- 6 a. Out of 80 students in a class, 60 play foot ball, 53 play hockey, and 35 both the games. How many students (i) do not play of these games. (ii) play only hockey but not foot ball. 6M
b. How many different license plates are there that involve 1, 2 or 3 letters followed by 4 digits 6M

Q.P. Code: 16HS618

R16

UNIT-IV

- 7 a. Solve $a_n = a_{n-1} + 2a_{n-2}$, $n > 2$ with the condition $a_0 = 0$, $a_1 = 1$ 6M
b. Solve $a_n - 7a_{n-1} + 10a_{n-2} = 4^n$ 6M

OR

- 8 a. Solve the recurrence relation $a_n = a_{n-1} + n(n+1)/2$ 6M
b. Solve $a_n - 5a_{n-1} + 6a_{n-2} = 2^n$, $n > 2$ with $a_0 = 1$, $a_1 = 1$, using generating function 6M

UNIT-V

- 9 a. Explain Kruskal's algorithm finds a minimal spanning tree with own graph 6M
b. Explain complete graph and planar graph 6M

OR

- 10 Define the following graph with one suitable examples for each graph 12M
(i) complement graph (ii) subgraph (iii) induced subgraph (iv) spanning subgraph

***** END *****